

Home > About cancer > Oesophageal cancer > Symptoms of oesophageal cancer

Symptoms of oesophageal cancer

The most common symptoms of oesophageal cancer include:

- difficulty swallowing (dysphagia)
- · unexplained weight loss
- indigestion or heartburn that doesn't go away
- pain in your throat or behind your breastbone

There are many other conditions that cause these symptoms. Most of them are much more common than oesophageal cancer.

You should see your doctor if you have difficulty swallowing, or you have symptoms that are unusual for you or that won't go away. Your symptoms are unlikely to be cancer but it is important to get them checked by a doctor.

Difficulty swallowing (dysphagia)

You may feel pain or a burning sensation when you swallow. Or your food may stick in your throat or chest.

These are the most common symptoms of oesophageal cancer.

A harmless narrowing of the oesophagus called a stricture can also make it difficult for you to swallow. It is important to get this symptom checked by your doctor.

Weight loss

Unexplained weight loss means losing weight without meaning to.

You may be put off eating if you find it hard to swallow or have pain when you swallow your food. This can also make you lose weight.

Indigestion or heartburn that don't go away

You can get indigestion when acid from your stomach goes back up (refluxes) into the oesophagus. Or when the stomach is inflamed or irritated.

Remember that indigestion is common and it's not usually caused by cancer. It can be very painful, even when there's nothing seriously wrong. See your doctor if these symptoms don't go away. Also talk to your doctor if anything you take for indigestion stops working.

Pain in your throat or behind your breastbone

You may feel pain in the centre of your chest, or more rarely in your back or between your shoulder blades. This can get worse when you swallow or have indigestion.

Other symptoms

Other symptoms can include:

Food coming back up

You may regurgitate food - this is when food comes back up soon after you swallow it.

A cough that won't go away

A cough that won't go away or that happens when you try to eat can be caused by oesophageal cancer.

Hoarseness

Your voice can become raspy or croaky. It's not a common symptom and can be caused by other harmless conditions.

Coughing up blood

You may cough up blood or have blood in your vomit (or food that you bring back up) if your oesophagus is bleeding. This isn't common.

Dark poo

Your poo may be darker – almost black – if cancer is making your oesophagus bleed. This is uncommon. You can get darker poo if you're taking iron tablets.

Tiredness

You might feel tired for no obvious reason if you have oesophageal cancer.

If your oesophagus is bleeding, you might have a reduced number of red blood cells (anaemia). This can also make you feel tired.

+ References

Suspected cancer recognition and referral

National Institute for Health and Care Excellence (NICE), June 2015 (updated 2021)

Scottish referral guidelines for suspected cancer: Quick reference guide

The Scottish Government, January 2019 (updated 2022)

ECCO essential requirements for quality cancer care: Oesophageal and gastric cancer

W Allum and others

Critical Reviews in Oncology/Haematology, 2018. Volume 122. Pages 179-193

Current management of oesophageal cancer

N Rashid and others

British Journal of Medical Practitioners, 2015. Volume 8. Pages 804-813

Cancer: Principles and Practice of Oncology (12th edition)

VT DeVita, TS Lawrence and SA Rosenberg

Wolters Kluwer, 2023

Oesophageal cancer

EC Smyth and others

Nature Reviews Disease Primers, 2017. Volume 3. Pages 1-44

Last reviewed: 14 Aug 2023

Next review due: 14 Aug 2026

₱ Print page

We couldn't do this life saving work without your help

Lifestyle changes could prevent 4 in 10 cases of cancer. So we're funding prevention research to help people make good choices.

Donate to oesophageal cancer research

Related links

Referral to a specialist for symptoms of oesophageal cancer

Your GP should refer you to a specialist if your symptoms could be due to oesophageal cancer.

Tests for oesophageal cancer

You might have one or more of these tests to find out the cause of your symptoms, or to find out the size of your cancer and whether it has spread.

Risks and causes of oesophageal cancer

Factors that increase the risk of oesophageal cancer include being older or overweight, smoking and drinking alcohol, and gastro-oesophageal reflux disease.

What is oesophageal cancer?

Oesophageal cancer is a cancer of the food pipe. The food pipe is also called the oesophagus or gullet and is part of the digestive system.

Screening for oesophageal cancer

There is no national screening programme for oesophageal cancer in the UK. But you may have tests or treatment if you are at an increased risk of developing it.

Oesophageal cancer main page

Oesophageal cancer starts in the food pipe, also known as your oesophagus or gullet. The oesophagus is the tube that carries food from your mouth to your stomach.



It's a worrying time for many people and we want to be there for you whenever - and wherever - you need us. Cancer Chat is our fully moderated forum where you can talk to others affected by cancer, share experiences, and get support. Cancer Chat is free to join and available 24 hours a day.

Visit the Cancer Chat forum



About Cancer generously supported by <u>Dangoor Education</u> since 2010.









Find a clinical trial



Cancer Chat forum



Nurse helpline 0808 800 4040

Speak to a nurse

Nurse Helpline

0808 800 4040

Questions about cancer? Call freephone

9 to 5 Monday to Friday or email us

Quick links

Find local shops

Shop online

Contact us

<u>Jobs</u>

Follow us











About our information

Terms and conditions

Privacy

Modern Slavery Statement

Cookies

Accessibility

<u>Sitemap</u>



Cancer Research UK is a registered charity in England and Wales (1089464), Scotland (SC041666), the Isle of Man (1103) and Jersey (247). A company limited by guarantee. Registered company in England and Wales (4325234) and the Isle of Man (5713F). Registered address: 2 Redman Place, London, E20 1JQ.